

# ARIANNA antenna model into AraSim

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## 1 Antennas

### 1.1 Important quantities

Measured in meters, the effective height of an antenna  $h_e$  multiplied by the incident field  $E$  gives the voltage induced. Thus, in vector form

$$V = \mathbf{h}_e \cdot \mathbf{E} = h_e E \cos \theta,$$

where  $\cos \theta$  is the angle between polarizations on the Poincaré sphere.

Another way of defining the effective height is

$$h_e = \frac{1}{I_0} \int_0^{h_p} I(z) dz,$$

where  $h_p$  is the physical height.

For an antenna of radiation resistance  $R_r$ , matched to its load, the power delivered to the load is equal to

$$P = \frac{1}{4} \frac{V^2}{R_r} = \frac{h_e^2 E^2}{4R_r} \quad (1)$$

In terms of the effective aperture, the same power is given by

$$P = S A_e = \frac{E^2 A_e}{Z_0},$$

where  $Z_0 = 377 \Omega$  is the intrinsic impedance of space.

From those two equations, one can easily get

$$h_e = 2 \sqrt{\frac{R_r A_e}{Z_0}}.$$

Note that  $h_e$  is given in meters, so  $A_e$  should have units of area ( $m^2$ ). Rewriting this expression yields,

$$A_e = \frac{h_e^2 Z_0}{4R_r} \quad (2)$$

$$= \frac{h_e^2 Z_0}{4 \operatorname{Re}\{Z\}} \quad (3)$$

Another useful quantity is the antenna gain ( $G$ ). It can be calculated as follows

$$G = \frac{4\pi A_e}{\lambda^2}$$

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## 2 Integrating the ARIANNA antenna model into AraSim

### 2.1 Goals

We want to use the antenna model used in the ARIANNA experiment. To do so, we built a script that can take the ARIANNA antenna model and produce an output file that can be read by AraSim.

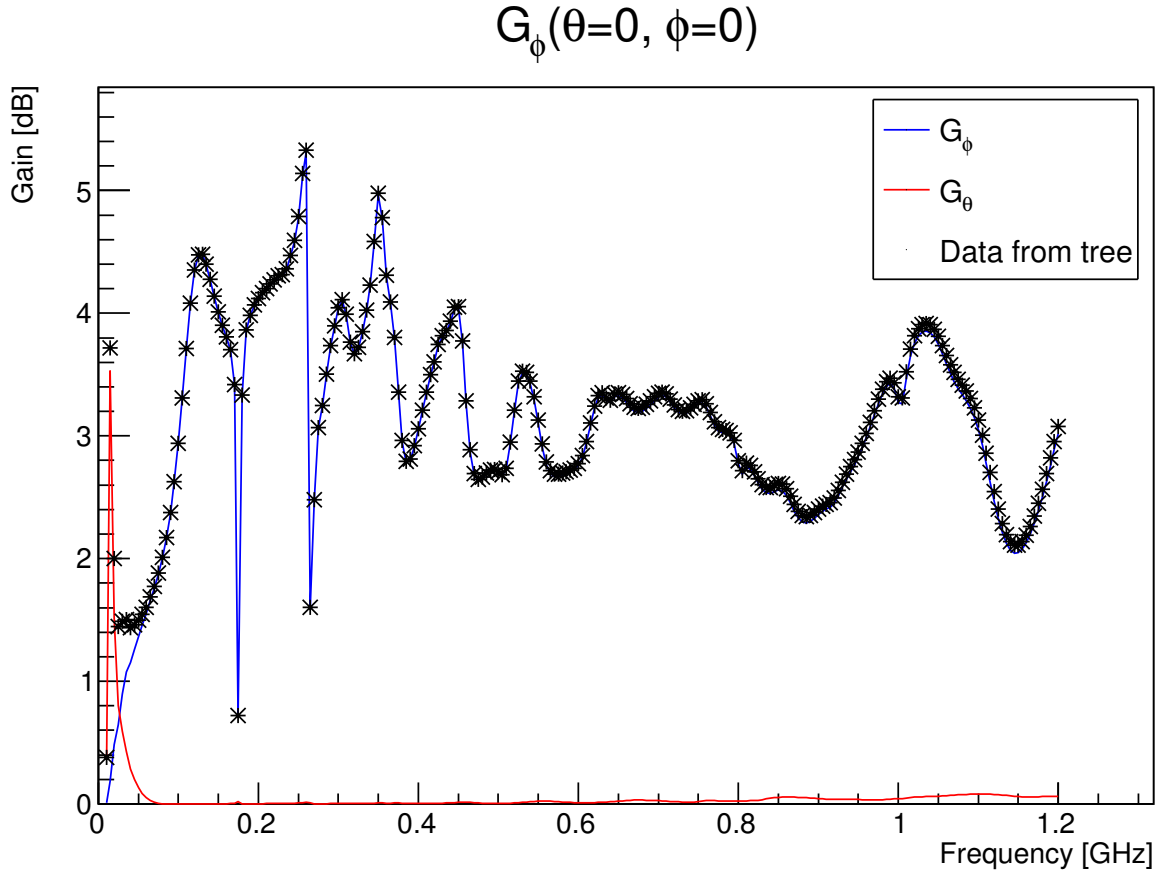
## 2.2 Methods

The ARIANNA antenna model was obtained from [arianna.ps.uci.edu/~arianna/data/WIPLD\\_antennamodel\\_air\\_v2.root](http://arianna.ps.uci.edu/~arianna/data/WIPLD_antennamodel_air_v2.root). This ROOT file contains two trees, and each of them has data of relevance such as frequencies, voltages, gains, impedances, etc.

A ROOT script that generates an input file that can be read by AraSim was made, and is stored in GitHub <https://github.com/toej93/AraSim>. The standard output file has Hpol configuration, but it can be modified to produce a Vpol file by subtracting  $180^\circ$  from the phase when writing the datafile (should read p-180 in the code).

## 2.3 Benchmark

Besides producing an output file, the code can reproduce several of the plots in [1] for comparison. As a benchmark check, we plotted the calculated gain, and compared it with the gain stored in the root file. As can be seen in Figure 1, the agreement is evident.



**Figure 1:** Gain vs. frequency for the ARIANNA antenna model.  $G_\phi$  and  $G_\theta$  are the components along  $\phi = 0$  and  $\theta = 0$  of gain in the on-sky coordinate system.

## References

- [1] S. W. Barwick et al. Radio detection of air showers with the ARIANNA experiment on the Ross Ice Shelf. *Astropart. Phys.*, 90:50–68, 2017.
- [2] J.D. Kraus and R.J. Marhefka. *Antennas for all applications*. McGraw-Hill series in electrical engineering. McGraw-Hill, 2002.